THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL.
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Saturday Morning, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

Advertisements, not exceeding a square are inserted at One Dollar for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents for every continuance of a greater length in proportion.

Persons sending Advertisements will please note the number of times they wish them inserted.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
and Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.

FERREE'S POWDER.

JAMES CROSSAN,

WOOD STREET,

BETWEEN Second and Third Streets, next door to James Morrison's, have on hands, and intend constantly keeping a supply of Ferree's Rifle Powder, which they will sell wholesale and retail on easy terms. Country Merchants can be supplied with this article, at the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, May 25, 1814.

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY

THE subscriber, (recently from Philadelphia) has established a TOBACCO MANUFACTORY in this town, on Front str't two doors from the Post Office; where he offers for sale, Virginia twist and Kentucky TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGARS. of a good quality, and on better terms than can be purchased in Philadelphia or Baltimore.

REES JONES.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1. tfq

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY.

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have removed their HAT STORE, to Third street, in front of the Hay Scales, between Market and Diamond Alleys, where they offer for Sale, a large and general assortment of Beaver, Castor, & Roram Hats. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with their custom, to their entire satisfaction.

Orders will be received at the Warehouse of Sutton and M'Nickle, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*

Pittsburgh, April 29, 1814. tf

THE Pittsburgh Point BREWERY,

In operation, and conducted on

SHIRAS'S NEW SYSTEM OF

MALTING & BREWING.

IT is with pleasure the subscriber informs the Citizens of Pittsburgh, that notwithstanding the advanced prices of grain and labor, he is enabled to *reduce* the prices of Liquors *upwards of TWENTY FIVE per cent.* Orders received at the Brewery will be executed promptly as usual. BARLEY purchased.

For James O'Hara.

GEO: SHIRAS.

Nov 1, 1814. tfq

House and Lot, FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will sell the HOUSE and LOT on which he at present resides, situated on Second street, between Wood and Market streets. The house is large and roomy; and its central situation makes it a desirable one for a boarding house or large family. He will give a generous credit, and possession the 1st Oct. next; and if not disposed of at that time it will be Let for 1 year. For particulars apply of

TH: CROMWELL.

April 10th 1814 tfq

FOR SALE,

ONE THIRD OF THE

WILLIAMSPORT GLASS WORKS,

WHICH are in operation—Also, the Stock on hand, Ashes, Pearl Ash, Salt, Waggon and Horses, Tools, &c. Any person inclining to purchase will be shewn the property and the terms made known, by applying to

JOHN M'CLELLAND.

April 17, 1815.

FOR SALE,

OR RENT ON PERPETUAL LEASE,

SIXTEEN LOTS OF GROUND

SITUATE on the Allegheny river, in the Borough of Pittsburgh——Also, THREE LOTS, on Fourth street and Redoubt alley.—A plan of the Lots may be seen on application to the subscriber.

THOMAS WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, March 17, 1815.

WESTERN HOTEL, *Pittsburgh.*

HENRY WESTBAY, has taken the House of Gen. John Wilkins, in Wood, corner of Third street, and intends to open on the 1st of April next,

The Western Hotel.

The House is spacious and convenient. The Western Mail Stage through Cannonsburgh, Washington, West Middletown and Charleston, to Wheeling, (Va.) starts from his house and returns, 3 times a week. The UNION HOTEL, in Cannonsburgh, will be open as formerly, for public accommodation, by James Westbay.

☞ The stables are large and will be well stocked, and attentive and careful hostlers engaged at both houses.

Will receive a few BOARDERS.

March 2, 1815.

TO LET,

And possession given immediately.

THE HOUSE now occupied by the subscriber, situate on Liberty Street. It has 5 good Rooms and a Kitchen, together with a good Garden. PHILIP MOWRY.

Pittsburgh, May 9, 1815.

GREENSBURGH & PITTSBURGH

TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY

THE President, Managers and Co. have directed the 4th, 5th, 6th Instalments of 10 per cent each on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer in manner following, viz:—The 4th on or before the 6th of May; the 5th on or before the 6th of July; and the 6th on or before the 5th of August; of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WM. FREIDT, Treasurer.

1st April, 1815. 6m

Instalments, if paid within 60 days of the times appointed respectively, will be received as heretofore by Messrs. Luckey, Stewart and Morrow. W. F.

LOTS FOR SALE,

IN THE TOWN OF

WOOSTER.

ON TUESDAY, THE 11th DAY of JULY NEXT, the subscriber, will sell on the premises, at public sale, FORTY LOTS in the town of Wooster, (Ohio.)

Nos. 4, 5, 6, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 31, 32, 33, 58, 62, 82, 117, '18, '19, 130, '35, '36, '37, '38, '39, 140, '41, '42, '43, '44, '45, '46, 151, '53, '54, '56, '57, '58, 172, '74 and '79,

Together with a number of Out Lots, convenient to the town, containing from 3 to 5 acres each. A plan may be seen by applying to the subscriber. Terms of sale, a small portion in hand and a liberal credit given for the remainder.

JOSEPH H. LARWILL.

Wooster, April 17, 1815.

GRAIN.

ONE DOLLAR TWELVE & AN HALF CENTS per Bushel for WHEAT—FIFTY CENTS for RYE, given at the

PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL.

April 17, 1815.

BATH HOUSE.

THE BATH HOUSE, next door to the Steam Mill, is now open, and attendance will be given from 6 o'clock in the morning, till 10 at night, and on Sunday morning till 9 o'clock. Pittsburgh, April 17, 1815

FOR SALE,

Two out-lots Nos. 5 & 6,

PART OF THE FARM of the late Steele Semple, Esq. being 32 Perches in Front on the Monongahela River, running back 67 Perches, containing THIRTEEN ACRES AND SIXTY FOUR PERCHES, more or less. The Lots are handsomely situated for a Country seat, having an extensive view up and down the river. Any person wishing to purchase may know the terms by applying to the subscriber.

GEO: ROBINSON.

N. B. They will be sold together or separate for accommodation.

Pittsburgh, May 8, 1815. tf

John Irwin & George Haven,

HAVE entered into Partnership in the TANNING BUSINESS, under the firm of

IRWIN AND HAVEN,

And have taken that well known stand at the Corner of Market street and the Diamond, formerly occupied by Lewis Peters. They have on hand and intend keeping a general assortment of LEATHER, on the most moderate terms.—CASH will be given for HIDES AND CALF SKINS, &c.

JOHN IRWIN.
GEO: HAVEN.

HAT STORE.

GEORGE HAVEN continues the HATTING BUSINESS as usual in the Diamond. Those who will favor him with their custom shall be punctually attended to.

FOR SALE,

1000 Prime Detroit Muskrat.

Pittsburgh, May 13, 1815. 3wq

Adjourned Court.

PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE, *May 15, 1815.*

AN Adjourned Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace will be held for the County of Allegheny, on the fourth Monday of June next, to continue for one week, at which the Traverse Jurors, summoned for April Term, are required to attend.

E. PENTLAND, *Proth'y.*

A CERTAIN CURE

FOR THE RHEUMATISM.

POLYANDRIA,

OR,

The Essential OIL of the Cajiput Tree

A MEDICINE,

UNIVERSALLY esteemed among the East Indians, as a safe and certain cure for the Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Epilepsey, &c. restoring vigor after laxations and sprains, giving relief in pains of the head and neck, toothache, &c. and since it has been introduced into England (which is of very late date) has been highly recommended, by some of the most eminent physicians in London, as the best and most effectual remedy for the Gout as well as the Rheumatism, by dissolving the *Coagulated Lymph*, of which these diseases are formed. In wounded tendons it is of the greatest use by preventing the juice which oozes out of them from fixing. Bruizes and sprains it infallibly cures, for it keeps the extravasated Lymph and blood perfectly dissolved, and prevents their fixing in the interstices of the vessels, till nature either takes them up by the refluent blood, or expels them through the pores of the skin.

Long contracted sprains are removed by it, and it is of the utmost service for the cramp and numbness, stiffness, or weakness of the joints. It is a most efficacious remedy for burns and scalds, extracting the fire very soon, and if used immediately, will entirely prevent them from blistering. It is excellent for a fresh cut. It is of infinite use for the sting of wasps, &c. bite of rattlesnakes, gnats and other venomous animals and other insects.

The above Valuable Medicine, has been but lately introduced into Europe and America in consequence of the Tree from which it is produced, yielding its essential Oil, but in small quantities, and this chiefly monopolized by the government, owing to the great virtue it was found to possess, in the cure of Rheumatisms, &c. the proprietor has divided the original packages, and put it up in smaller bottles made for the purpose, with directions round each bottle, signed in his own hand writing; and in order to demonstrate its vast importance, has tho't proper to submit for public inspection, the following out of the numerous cures, which by this valuable Medicine, has been performed since its general use in this country.

Letter from Mr. Jas: Woodman, near Norfolk, to Mr. C. Mullin.

July 23, 1813.

Dear Sir—My son has been more than 8 years afflicted with a Rheumatic Complaint. The excessive pain he constantly endured, reduced him to a mere skeleton; and from extreme weakness occasioned even the joints of his legs to turn out of their sockets. A very eminent physician at Norwich, whom I consulted, informed me nothing could be done for him, and the faculty in general considered him beyond the reach of medicine. He remained in this desperate situation, till the 19th Oct. last, when I was advised to try your "*Essential Oil of the Cajiput Tree.*" Accordingly by persevering in the use of it, his joints are returned to their proper places, and he is now able to walk 10 miles with the greatest ease. Upwards of fifty respectable persons in this town, have been at my house to see my son, all who knew him, thought it impossible he ever could recover.

I am, dear sir,
Your greatly obliged friend,
JAMES WOODMAN.

Broomsgrove, Jan. 4, 1814.

Sir—I have been violently afflicted with a Rheumatic Complaint; even my fingers were so contracted, that I could neither dress nor undress myself, or give the least assistance to my family.

I have only used one bottle of the *Essential Oil of the Cajiput Tree*, and by it I am perfectly restored.

Yours, &c.

E. HOUGHTON.

December 20, 1813.

Sir—A severe stroke of the palsy, 6 months ago, deprived me of my speech and the use of one side. In this desperate situation, the *Oil of Cajiput Tree*, was strongly recommended, and I thank God, as successfully applied. By persevering in its use a short time, I was completely restored and continue to enjoy the perfect use of my faculties, although near 80 years of age.

Yours, &c.

W. FRANCIS.

No. 14, Arabello Row, Pimlico.

☞ Mr. Francis his held a public situation at the Guildhal of the City of Westminster, many years, and is well known to the generality of the respectable inhabitants.

Witherslath, near Kental, January 13, 1813.

Sir—I beg leave to inform you I have been several months past afflicted with such violent pains in my hips, thighs and legs, and swelling of my joints, that I could not rest day or night; nothing that was applied gave me any relief, till a neighbor informed me of the *Oil of the Cajiput Tree*, having performed many surprising cures, sent for a bottle to Mr. Mullin, which gave wonderful relief, and by repeating the same 2 or 3 times, I am perfectly cured, and am as well as ever I was in my life.

This I have publicly given under my hand, for the good of all sufferers in like circumstances.

R. WILSON.

The above Valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY by

BOSLER AND Co.

Front, between Market & Wood Streets,

And ONLY Agents for the Proprietors in Pittsburgh.

May 2, 1815.

Valuable Property AT AUCTION.

On the 27th day of June next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Auction Store, corner of Front and Market Streets, will be Sold the following valuable Property, to wit:

No. 1. ONE Lot on Grant's Hill, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, marked in the plan of lots laid out by John Hoge, No. 33, being 30 feet in front on High street, and 145 feet in depth.

2. One lot adjoining the above of the same dimensions, being No. 34.

3. One lot 15 feet in front on High street, and 145 feet in depth, being one half of lot No. 45, in said plan.

4. One lot 45 feet in front and 145 feet in depth, being lot No. 46, and one half of lot No. 45, in said plan on which is erected a frame dwelling house subject to a yearly ground rent of 28 & 1-8th dolls.

5. One lot 22 feet front and 145 deep, being parts of lots Nos. 49 and 50.

6. One lot adjoining the above 20 feet front and 55 feet in depth, on which is erected a substantial and well finished two story dwelling house 20 feet by 30, nearly new, with a 2 story kitchen, &c. with the privilege of a 6 feet alley running into Coal street.

7 A lot 40 feet in front and 50 feet in depth to the aforesaid 6 feet alley with the use thereof, with a good dwelling house similar to the above.

8. A lot with the buildings thereon erected formerly occupied by the subscriber as a Tilt Hammer and Smith's Shop, with the contents thereof, as they now stand, the lots being 84 feet front on Coal street, and 149 feet in depth with the privilege of said 6 feet alley.

2 One lot at the corner of High and Coal streets, being 89 feet on High, and 56 feet on Coal street, with the privilege of the alley.

A plan of the Lots may be seen, and the terms of Sale made known by application to Magnus M. Murray, Esq. or to

DENNIS S. SCULLY, *Auct'r.*

In the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Allegheny, of the Term of April, A. D. 1813, No. 132.

Collins. Nathaniel Bedford, complainant *vs* The heirs and representatives of Robert Riddle, formerly of Pittsburgh, laborer, and Samuel Barr, respondents, } Bill to enable the complainant to supply a defect of title to Lot No. 106, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, occasioned by the loss of an instrument of writing. April 8, 1815, on reading bill of complainant, it is ordered by the Court, that the complainant publish for three weeks in one newspaper printed in the Borough of Pittsburgh, and in one newspaper printed in the city of Philadelphia, and one in Wilmington, Delaware, in one newspaper once a week, notice to all persons whom it may concern, to appear at the house of William Morrow, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, innkeeper, on Monday the 19th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. before the Judges of the said Court, to make answer to the said bill.

E. PENTLAND, *Proth'y*

In the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Allegheny, of the Term of April, A. D. 1813, No. 133.

Collins. Nathaniel Bedford, complainant *vs* The heirs and representatives of Robert Riddle, formerly of Pittsburgh, laborer, and Samuel Barr, and all others interested, respondents. } Bill in perpetuam rei memoriam, read April, 8th, 1815, and on motion, Chas. Wilkins, jr. Philip Gilland, and Samuel Douglas, Esqrs. or any two of them, are appointed to take the depositions of witnesses in Pittsburgh, to remain in evidence forever, after the death or absence of such witnesses; and it is ruled, that if either party refuse or neglect to attend the taking of such depositions after notice to be published by the examiners respectively, in one newspaper published in the Borough of Pittsburgh, one in the City of Philadelphia, and one in the State of Delaware, for three weeks in one newspaper in each place, they may be taken ex parte, to remain for those purposes.

E. PENTLAND, *Proth'y.*

FOR SALE,

AT THIS OFFICE,

BLANK SUMMONSES,

For Justices of the Peace, handsomely Printed on good paper.

DAVID A. NORTHROP, *Merchant Taylor,*

Corner of Market and Water Streets,

Has just received a large and elegant assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, VESTING, &c.

WHICH he offers for sale as low as can be purchased in the place. He also continues to carry on the TAYLORING BUSINESS in all its various branches, where GARMENTS of every description will be made on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.—He flatters himself from his knowledge of the business and the strict attention to it, to give generals satisfaction.

For the accommodation of gentlemen who are travelling and others, he keeps ready made CLOTHING, suitable for the present and approaching season, of all descriptions; which he will sell on moderate terms.

Pittsburgh, April 8, 1815—tfq

Commission Warehouse

JOHN M'CLEAN,

GRATEFUL for the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement in business, begs leave to return thanks to his friends and the public

Having entered into partnership with Henry Doane, he solicits a continuance of their patronage. The concern will hereafter be carried on under the firm of

M'CLEAN & DOANE,

Who offer For Sale the following articles on reasonable terms for Cash or approved Notes, at their WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Commission Warehouse, in Water, between Market and Wood Streets.

New Orleans Sugar	Deck Rods
Coffee	Spike Rods
Tobacco	Steel
Brandy	Nails
Gin,	Wire from No 1 to 7
Whiskey	Anchors
Flour	Wrought Anvils
Juniper Berries	Vices
Refined Salt Petre	Scythes
Cables	Sickles
Cordage	Axes
Paste Boards	Hoes
Writing and Wrapping paper	Augers
Barr Iron	Cutting Knives

with a variety of *IRONMONGERY* too numerous to mention, together with a constant supply of *QUEENSWARE* manufactured by Trotter & Co. at the *Pittsburgh Pottery.*

They have also made arrangements with the "*Pittsburgh White Lead Factory,*" (*A. S. Stevenson*) by which they can supply their customers with any quantity of WHITE LEAD, dry or ground in oil, at the manufacturers price, now $ 20 per cwt

Pittsburgh, May 11, 1815. tf.

N. B. Consignments will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

Wholesale Store.

CHARLES L. VOLTZ & CO.

RESPECTFULLY inform the Merchants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that they have removed from their former stand at D. Logan & Co's Commission Warehouse to Wood street, next door to G. & C. Anshutz, where they intend to keep an extensive assortment of English DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY and GERMAN GOODS, which they will henceforth receive direct from the Manufactures in Europe, having connections in Baltimore, who are largely in the importing line.—Under these circumstances they will be enabled at all times to sell their goods at very reduced prices, which they hope will induce the Merchants of this place and the western country, to favour them with their custom.

On hand the following articles:

Files of every description; knifes and forks, razors, brass cocks, slates, woodscrews, awl blades, needles, thimbles, flints, Turkey cotton, combs, pocket books, sun-glasses, pocket pistols, snuff boxes, German looking glasses, flutes, violins and do. strings, playing cards, shot bags, quills, a variety of ribbons, galloons and thread edgings. Elegant French CHINA. Which will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms by *WHOLESALE ONLY*, for Cash or approved negotiable Notes.

May 12, 1815. 3mq

JOHN COOK,

HAS REMOVED HIS

CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE

Store,

FROM No. 311 North 2d Street, TO NO. 276 MARKET STREET, and having taken William H. Sayre, of this city into partnership, the business will in future be conducted under the firm of

COOK & SAYRE.

Who will receive by the first arrivals from Liverpool a very extensive assortment of WARE, which they will dispose of on reasonable terms.

Philadelphia, 4th Month 25, 1815. 6w

Spinners Wanted.

A few GOOD SPINNERS, will find employment at the Shop belonging to the Woolen Factory at Steubenville.

Apply at the Factory, to

C. H. ORTH.

20th May, 1814. tf.

FARMERS AND MECHANICS BANK OF PITTSBURGH,

May 1, 1815.

THE Board of Directors have this day ordered, that the third instalment on the Capital Stock of said Bank, amounting to Two Dollars and Fifty Cents on each Share, be paid on or before the first day of July next.

G. LUCKEY, *Cashier.*

ARMY BLANKS,

Printed in the neatest manner, and on the shortest notice at this office.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 17.

RICH AND SEASONABLE ARRIVAL.

We have the pleasure to announce the arrival in this port of the ship Pacific, Capt. Edwardson, from London. Sailed April 1, and brings no news. She has on board 1350 packages dry goods, 40 casks whiting, 21 do. copperas, 40 do. brimstone, and 102 cases do. Our city is daily becoming stocked with every description of foreign merchandize. Country merchants may now be supplied with the most extensive assortments.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

Arrived this morning, British brig Vittoria, 40 days from London, with a valuable cargo of dry goods. Passengers, Messrs. Ralston, Morrison & Paxson.

Mr. Ralston, left London the 6th of April and has obligingly favored us with large files of various English prints to that date. They are principally occupied with extracts from French papers, relating to the late events in France, most of which have already appeared in this country. Mr. Ralston informs that it was currently understood that the British government, on the 6th April would issue a declaration as to the course which it meant to pursue, in relation to France. Indeed such a paper he thinks, had been issued on that day. He could not succeed in obtaining a copy, nor could he learn what was the tenor of it.

LONDON, APRIL 3.

Yesterday a French messenger arrived at Dover, with despatches from the French government; some say from Napoleon himself, for the British government. He came from Calais in one of the passage boats, and remained at Dover last night when the mail came away, waiting for permission from ministers to proceed to London. To affect to know any thing of the contents of these despatches would be ridiculous; but from every step that has yet been taken since the return of Napoleon, we have no doubt that in profession at least these despatches aim at the prevention of hostilities between the two countries.

LONDON, APRIL 4.

The Earl of Harrowby and Mr. Wellesly Pole, sailed yesterday evening from Dover. They go to Ostend, whence they are to proceed to Brussels, where a council is now assembling which will be composed of Ministers not only from the states that formed the Congress at Vienna, but from most of those which contributed to the success of the last campaign against France. At this council the political and military measures, to be adopted for supporting the Declaration of the allied powers at Vienna, will be taken into consideration; and the expectation of the best informed circle, is, that their first act, should all the circumstances which may come under discussion, be found to demand it, will be to address a proclamation to the people of France, reminding them of the circumstances in which they stood towards the Allies, at the time of the treaty of Fontainbleau; of the full power of the latter to have enforced the military penalties, to which that country had subjected itself, after losing its army in making wars upon all others; of the effect of Bonaparte's abdication, in bar of those penalties; and of the duty abiding it, when the French acknowledged, when they accepted the full release, that accompanied it, and when their senate, their army, and their magistrates, declared him unworthy of reigning. The proclamation will call upon the French nation to spare the effusion of blood by fulfilling this duty, and surrendering or expelling the Usurper.

Should that call be found necessary, and should it be made in vain, *the Allied Armies will immediately enter France, and carry on the War with the utmost energy!* In the meantime the different powers are preparing their means; all their armed forces will be got in readiness for action upon the French frontier, and thus there is some probability that the soil of France will be made the theatre of the war.

From what passed in the House of Commons last night, it seems apparent that ministers consider themselves and the country placed in circumstances, which seem to render war unavoidable.

LONDON, APRIL 5.

IMPORTANT PARTICULARS.

We have been favoured with the following particulars by an officer of rank, who left Paris last Thursday night, and upon whose information we are told we may implicitly rely.

From the moment Bonaparte landed in France he adopted a system of falsehood, asserting that his enterprise was known and favored both by England and Austria. "How would I have escaped from Elba," he said, "but with the consent of the English, whose ships hovered on every side, and whose commissioner was my daily companion." With Austria, he added, he had made a truce for 20 years, asserting that the Archduke Charles was actually with him, and that the Empress Maria Louisa and the young King of Rome were on their journey to France. These statements he spread every where asserting in addition, that the allies were not sorry to see the Bourbons deprived of the throne, on account of their unwillingness to abolish the slave trade.

Since his arrival at Paris he is said to have more than once exclaimed, "*Je suis arrive trop tots*," an exclamation which has been thus explained, that he ought to have delayed his expedition until monarchs had gone home and put their armies on the peace footing.

At first he styled himself Emperor of the French, &c. and Joseph Bonaparte, King Joseph. But on a sudden he left out the &c. and called Joseph, merely Prince Joseph. He sent for Louis Bonaparte's wife soon after his arrival. The Huissier announced her as Princess Hortense. She turned to rebuke him, when Bonaparte said, "It was by my orders! You are only princes and princesses. We renounce all dominion out of France."

He is destitute of battering artillery and of money. The villages round Paris are crowded with troops, who are neither clothed nor paid. The officers who are on half pay, and are to be employed again are quartered upon the inhabitants of Paris. The royalists have the greatest number. At present he could not bring into the field at the utmost 90,000 effective firelocks. The garrisons are ill provided with necessaries.

Ney is forming an army. Many have refused to serve under him. At Paris his conduct is acknowledged to be *un peu aropfort*. Some of his old companions have reproached him for his baseness, and he has been heard to exclaim, "*J'ai perdeu quorante honeur.*"

Seventeen colonels have resigned their regiments. Moncey and St. Cyr, have refused all overtures from him. Others whose names have been published as going to visit him. Lecourbe refuses employment. Marescot, a general of engineers, had been imprisoned 4 years by Bonaparte. "We shall forget and forgive," he said to him. Marescot replied, "there have been many follies committed within these 12 years." "Hogsheads full," responded Bonaparte."

Augereau's proclamation is a forgery and he himself is believed to have gone to Switzerland. His wife has been exiled from Paris by Bonaparte.

Soult and Marshand have also been exiled.

The Chancellor of D'Ambray's property is said to have been confiscated.

Massena is detained in Marseilles by the people, who are all for the Bourbons.

There was a report that the people of Lyons had risen on the garrison.

Bonaparte ordered all the shops at Paris to be opened on Sundays. They would not shut them during the Bourbons; but the moment Bonaparte ordered it, they shut them all. The churches of Paris are well attended, and prayers are offered up for the king's safety in all.

There is gloom throughout Paris, and if Bonaparte leaves it with the troops the white cockade will be again displayed.

An English gentleman from Normandy, of an impartial and intelligent character, assures us all the seaport towns are in dejection at the appearance of war; and that generally the people of the interior are nine in ten for peace, and much indisposed towards Bonaparte. They dislike the ancient nobles who have returned, & are not very fond of the priests —but they still more dislike the military, most of the officers being vulgar, insolent, upstart fellows, very disagreeable in well bred society, into which they have not been invited since the return of the Bourbons. This neglect the military feel and resent. Hence their desire for the return of Bonaparte, through whom they expect to regain their importance. The gentleman observes, that the military and the whole organic force of the government, and the constituted authorities in all the departments being essentially in favor of Bonaparte, by whom they were created and put into power, the revolution which has taken place is not surprising; but he is decidedly of opinion that nine in ten of the population, particularly of the upper and middle classes, lament his return.

The communication between France and Brussels is cut off by the troops in Belgium. It is reported that some skirmishing has already taken place.

Bonaparte remains at Paris.

Letters from Switzerlad mention that the Swiss diet has decreed to send 30,000 men to guard their frontiers, and to join the allied powers in this grand cause; 15,000 have already marched, and the rest will soon follow; most of the cantons are eager, some few others seem rather cool. Geneva, Neufchatel, and Valais, as new Swiss Cantons, are to be defended Joseph Bonaparte was to be arrested at his residence at Prangins, by order of the Diet but it is presumed he received timely notice, as he departed two hours before the detachment arrived.

VIENNA, MARCH 20.

Forty disguised Frenchmen made an attempt last night to seize the King of Rome, and carry him off to France, and the plan nearly succeeded. Our watchful police was led to suspect something from the circumstance that 16 hackney coaches were ordered at the same time to one place. Soon after the preparations made at the next stations were also discovered, and so the whole plan immediately found out; among the persons arrested on this occasion are a general and two colonels. It is now known that relays of post-horses were bespoke as far as the Rhine. It has therefore been judged proper to prepare roomy apartments for his august mother and him in the Imperial palace. They have already left Schenbrun.

AUGSBURG, MARCH 23.

The Allegemeine has the following article from Vienna:

"All the Russian, Prussian and Austrian armies have received orders to advance to the Rhine. Some accounts say, that Talleyrand has adduced a secret article of the treaty of Paris, by which the powers engage to assist the Bourbons in case of insurrections; in consequence of this a convention is said to have been concluded within these few days, by which the four powers, England, Austria, Russia and Prussia engage to march to the Rhine a number of troops, proportioned to their respective forces.

"They guarantee the crown of France to the Bourbons, and declare that their cause is that of Europe. It has also been proposed to address a declaration to the French, to represent to them with dignity and energy the consequences of their faithlessness, and to make them responsible for all the evils of war. The convention in question was ratified and sent to France on the 18th.

The Neapolitan courier Natilli, arrived at Vienna the 14th, has brought from the King of Naples the assurance, that his majesty has given orders to take Bonaparte, dead or alive, if he should land in his states, and that he will always treat him as an Usurper.

WASHINGTON CITY, MAY 19.

Copy of a letter from Captain Stewart to the Secretary of the Navy, dated

United States Frigate Constitution,
May —, 1815.

SIR,—On the 20th of February last, the island of Madeira bearing about W. S. W. distant 60 leagues, we fell in with his Britannic Majesty's two sloops of war, the Cyane and Levant, and brought them to action about 6 o'clock in the evening, both of which, after a spirited engagement of 40 minutes, surrendered to the ship under my command.

Considering the advantages, derived by the enemy, from a divided and more active force, as also their superiority in the weight and number of guns, I deem the speedy and decisive result of this action the strongest assurance which can be given to the government, that all under my command did their duty and gallantly supported the reputation of American seamen.

Inclosed you will receive the minutes of the action, and a list of the killed and wounded on board this ship; also inclosed you will receive for your information a statement of the actual force of the enemy, and the number killed and wounded on board their ships as near as could be ascertained.

I have the honor to remain, very respectfully, sir, your most obedient servant.

CHAS. STEWART.

Hon. B. W. CROWNINSHIELD,
Secretary of the Navy, Washington.

Killed on board the Constitution 8; wounded 12—Total 15.

The Levant mounted 18 thirty-two pounders, carronades, 1 twelve pounder, do. 2 nine pounders, long guns, 156 officers, seamen and marines. Prisoners 133 officers seamen and marines.—Killed 23; wounded 16—Total 39.

The Cyane, 22 thirty-two pounders, carronades, 10 eighteen pounders, do. 2 twelve pounders, long guns, 2 brass swivels, 180 officers, seamen and marines. Prisoners 168 officers, seamen and marines.—Killed 12; wounded 26—Total 38.

Minutes of the action between the U. States' frigate Constitution, and his Majesty's ships Cyane and Levant, on the 20th Feb. 1815.

Commences with light breezes from the east, and cloudy weather—At 1, discovered a sail two points on the larboard bow; hauled up and made sail in chase—At 1-4 past one, made the sail to be a ship; at 3-4 past one discovered another sail ahead; made them out at 2 P. M. to be both ships, standing close hauled with their starboard tacks on board; at 4 P. M. the weathermost ship made signals, and bore up for her consort, then about ten miles to leeward; we bore up after her, and set lower topmast, topgallant, and royal studding sails in chase; at 1-2 past 4 carried away our main royal masts; took in the sails and got another prepared; at 5 P. M. commenced firing on the chase from our two larboard bow guns; our shot falling short, ceased firing; at 1-2 past 5, finding it impossible to prevent their junction, cleared ship for action, then about four miles from the two ships; at 40 minutes after 5, they passed within hail of each other, and hauled by the wind on the starboard tack, hauled up their courses, and prepared to receive us; at 45 minutes past 5, they made all sail close hauled by the wind, in hopes of getting to windward of us; at 55 minutes past 5, finding themselves disappointed in their object, and were closing with them fast, they shortened sail, and formed on a line of wind, about half a cables length from each other. At 6 P. M. having them under command of our battery, hoisted our colours, which was answered by both ships hoisting English ensigns; at 5 minutes past 6, ranged up on the starboard side of the sternmost ship, about 300 yards distant, and commenced the action by broadsides, both ships returning our fire with great spirit for about 15 minutes, then the fire of the enemy beginning to slacken, and the great column of smoke collected under our lee induced us to cease our fire to ascertain their positions and conditions; in about three minutes, the smoke clearing away, we found ourselves abreast of the headmost ship, the sternmost ship luffing up for our larboard quarter; we poured a broadside into the headmost ship, and then braced aback our main and mizen topsails, and backed astern under cover of the smoke, abreast the sternmost ship, when the action was continued with spirit and considerable effect, until 35 minutes past 5, when the enemy's fire again slackened, and we discovered the headmost bearing up, filled our topsails, shot ahead, and gave her two stern rakes; we then discovered the sternmost ship wearing also; wore ship immediately after her, and gave her a stern rake, she luffing to on our starboard bow, and giving us her larboard broadside; we ranged up on her larboard quarter, within hail, and was about to give her our starboard broadside when she struck her colours, fired a lee gun and yielded. At 50 minutes past 6, took possession of H. M. S. Cyane, Capt. Gordon Falcon, mounting 34 guns. At 8 P. M. filled away after her consort, which was still in sight to leeward. At half past 8 found her standing towards us, with her starboard tacks close hauled, with top-gallant sails set and colours flying. At 50 minutes past 8, ranged close along side to windward of her, on opposite tacks, and exchanged broadsides—wore immediately under her stern and raked her with a broad side; she then crowded all sail and endeavord to escape by running—hauled on board our tacks, set spanker and flying jib in chase. At half past 9, commenced firing on her from our sarboard bow chaser; gave her several shot, which cut her spars and rigging considerably. At 10 P. M. finding they could not escape, fired a gun, struck her colours, and yielded. We immediately took possession of H. M. S. Levant, Hon. Capt. George Douglass, mounting 21 guns. At 1 A. M. the damages of our rigging was repaired, sails shifted, and the ship in fighting condition.

Minutes of the chase of the U. S. Frigate Constitution, by an English squadron of three ships, from out the harbour of Port Praya, Island of St. Jago.

Commences with fresh breezes and thick foggy weather—At 5 minutes past 12, discovered a large ship through the fog standing in for Port Praya. At 8 minutes past 12, discovered two other large ships astern of her, also standing in for the port. From their general appearance, supposed them to be one of the enemy's squadrons, and from the little respect hitherto paid by them to neutral waters, I deemed it most prudent to put to sea. The signal was made to the Cyane and Levant to get under weigh. At 12, after meridian, with our topsails set, we cut our cable and got under weigh, (when the Portuguese opened a fire on us from several of their batteries on shore) the prize ships following our motions, and stood out of the harbour of Port Praya, close under East Point, passing the enemy's squadron about gun shot to windward of them; crossed our topgallant yards, and set foresail, mainsail, spanker, flying jib and topgallant sails. The enemy seeing us under weigh, tacked ship, and made all sail in chase of us. As far as we could judge of their rates, from the thickness of the weather, supposed them two ships of the line and one frigate. At half past meridian cut away the boats towing astern, first cutter and gig. At 1 P. M. found our sailing about equal with the ships on our lee quarter, but the frigate luffing up gaining our wake and rather dropping astern of us, finding the Cyane dropping astern and to leeward, and the frigate gaining on her fast, I found it impossible to save her if she continued on the same course, without having the Constitution brought to action by their whole force.—I made the signal at 10 minutes past 1 P. M. to her to tack ship, which was complied. This manœuvre, I conceived, would detach one of the enemy's ships in pursuit of her, while at the same time, from her position, she would be enabled to reach the anchorage at Port Praya, before the detached ship could come up with her; but if they did not tack after, it would afford her an opportunity to double their rear, and make her escape before the wind. They all continued in full chase of the Levant and this ship: the ship in our lee quarter firing, by divisions, broadsides, her shot falling short of us. At 3 P. M. by our having dropped the Levant considerably, her situation became (from the position of the enemy's frigate) similar to the Cyane. It became necessary to separate also from the Levant, or risk this ship being brought to action to cover her. I made the signal at 5 minutes past 3 for her to tack, which was complied with. At 12 minutes past 3, the whole of the enemy's squadron tacked in pursuit of the Levant, and gave up the pursuit of this ship. This sacrifice of the Levant became necessary for the preservation of the Constitution. Sailing master Hixon, Midshipman Varnum, one boatswain's mate and 12 men were absent on duty in the 5th cutter to bring the cartel brig under our stern.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1815.

In our last Baltimore papers we find noticed the arrival in that port of several vessels laden with merchandize.

The difficulties which our merchants have experienced in passing Western Bank Notes in Philadelphia, where they will not be received, unless at a considerable discount, will doubtless induce them to repair to Baltimore, where those Notes are received freely and at par. The ungenerous conduct of the Philadelphians, if persisted in, will eventually result to their own disadvantage, and what is of greater importance to the disadvantage of the state generally.

The Mechanics and Manufacturers, in a number of the principal towns, particularly New-York and Philadelphia, have had meetings, and passed several spirited and patriotic resolutions, on the subject of the late odious and grievous Taxes imposed on them by Congress. They have addressed circulars to the Mechanics and Manufacturers throughout the United States, advising them as freemen, to call public meetings and express their determination never to submit to the late tax laid on domestic manufactures; and to draw up a petition to the President of the United States, praying him to direct the Collectors to suspend such parts of the law as are particularly oppressive, until a memorial may be sent to Congress for a repeal of those unjust and grievous acts. The resolutions are predicated upon the unjust, arbitrary and oppressive nature of those taxes; and the unconstitutionality of several sections of the act.

Every arrival from Europe, furnishes accounts tending to confirm a belief that the continent is destined ere long to be again the theatre of conflicting armies—to experience a renewal of those shocks, which before convulsed it to its centre, and of the calamities inflicted by the mad ambition of an unprincipled tyrant. The foreign papers are filled with accounts of the views and counter-views of designing cabinets—the marching and counter-marching of troops—the assembling of embattled hosts, and of awful preparation for impending strife.

"And is it now a goodly sight,
Or dreadful to behold,
The pomp of that approaching fight,
Waving ensigns, pennons light,
And gleaming blades and bayonets bright,
And eagles winged with gold;
And warriour bands of many a hue,
Scarlet and white, and green and blue,
Like rainbows o'er the morning dew,
Their various lines unfold:
While cymbal clang and trumpet strain,
The knell of battle toll;
And trampling squadrons beat the plain,
Till the clouds echo back again,
As if the thunders roll."

The extracts published in this day's paper, contradict in many important particulars the statements from French journals. The abortive attempt to carry off the King of Rome from Vienna, is convincing proof of the disposition of the Emperor of Austria, and without his aid, the most ardent friends of the *supereminent* Napoleon, cannot anticipate his long remaining on the throne of France.

Forty-four Gun-Boats were sold at auction, on the 17th ult. at the Navy Yard, New-York, for the *benefit* of government, "These daring pets of the Grand Bashaw," were knocked off at from 220 to 690 dollars each—that is, the lowest sold for 220, and the highest 690 dollars. A great recommendation to these machines is, that they are equally useful for *land* as for *water* navigation.

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL, (*N. York.*)

The sale by auction, of the Pews in the above Cathedral, commenced at New-York, on the 16th ult. There are 195 Pews in the Church, but only 77 were sold on that day, [illegible] 37,000 dollars. Twelve out of the number for 10,000 dollars.

The squadron, under the command of Com. Decatur, sailed yesterday [illegible] for the Mediteranean, to rendezvous at Gibraltar. When the Com. and Jones took their departure from the battery, an assembled crowd of their citizens rent the air with 3 times 3 cheers.

The squadron consists of the following vessels, viz:

Frigates	Guerriere, Com.	Decatur
——	Macedonian	Jones
——	Constellation	Gordon
Sloops	Ontario	Elliott
——	Epervier	Downes
Corvettes	Fire Fly	Rogers
——	Flambeaux	Nicholson
——	Spark	Gamble
Schrs.	Spitfire	Dallas
——	Torch	Chauncey

The wind coming ahead, the squadron anchored again in the bay.

We understand the whole of the squadron are to rendezvous at Gibraltar. [illegible] Shaler, Esq. one of the commissioners appointed by our government to treat of Peace with the Dey of Algiers embarked on board of the Guerriere. When Com. Decatur and capt. Jones got into the boat at the foot of the battery, to go on board of their ships, the citizens gave 3 [illegible] cheers as a farewell. Before they return it is hoped, they will effect a liberation of the captive Americans held in slavery by the Dey of Algiers, and chastise the savage tyrant for the cruelties he has inflicted upon our countrymen.

The heavy squadron, bound to the same place, will sail in a few days from Boston.—[N. Y. *Gaz. May* 18.

ST. LOUIS, [illegible]

The late attack on the village of Cote Desem has not been as *fatal* as was reported by those who escaped the sanguinary scene. Four men were only killed; the rest having taken refuge in the block-houses were saved by the bold resistance they made to the repeated attacks of the savages. P. Cerre, Esq. was one of the victims—he was literally cut to pieces.

From the Boston Daily Advertiser of May 19.

Yesterday the United States ship Independence fell down the harbour and is anchored in President Roads. We are informed, that she is only waiting for the remainder of her guns, to be ready for sea. These are expected in 10 days.

It must be gratifying to the gallant commodore, to have so near a prospect of active service. It is of the greatest consequence to the American trade that it should have some protection in the Mediterranean. It is much to be apprehended that in consequence of the peace that has taken place, in dispatching that station, ships which were nearly ready for sea at the conclusion of the war with G. Britain, *many of our vessels* have fallen a prey to the Algerines, who have in the absence of all check upon them, even sent their cruisers into the Atlantic. Com. Bainbridge we hope will soon be on his way to that theatre of war, where his presence is so much needed, and where so much is expected from him in chastising that enemy of the civilized world, which has so wantonly made war against us.

From the National Intelligencer of May 9.

The U. S. sloop of war Alert, captain Cooper, which arrived at the Navy Yard in this city on the 26th ult. has taken on board the heavy guns for the ships of the line at Boston and Portsmouth, and will sail hence as soon as she obtains men enough to man her.

The U. S. schooner *Hornet* arrived at the navy yard a few days ago from Portsmouth.

By letters from New Orleans we learn that Fort Bowyer was promptly surrendered by the British to our arms according to the requisitions of the treaty.

From the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER.

"*Caldwell's Manor*, 6 *miles from* [illegible] *Creek, May* 14, 18[illegible]

"I have witnessed one of the most horrible scenes this day that ever was witnessed in this part of the country. Half past one o'clock our boat was struck with a squall, upset, and immediately sunk; and out of *nineteen persons* only were saved. The *persons drowned* are James Webster, — Dunn, a [illegible] geon in the British navy, an Italian and his wife, by the name of Simon, (confectioner) Mr. Adams, of Havlwick, [illegible] a young gentleman from Ballston Spa, a young man by the name of Hodges, and a woman with a child 11 months old.

When I saw the vessel going down I jumped and swam for the mast, which I reached when only 4 feet out of water. Mr. Curtis, and a boy who sails in the sloop, were close to me; the others clung to boxes, barrels, &c. We remained in this situation till a canoe came and took us off."

NEW YORK, MAY 23.

The United States frigate Constitution, Capt. STEWART, weighed anchor at 1 o'clock this day, and took her departure for Boston, to join the squadron destined from that port to the Mediterranean.

CHARLESTON, MAY 7.

WAR BETWEEN ENGLAND & FRANCE.

The British ship Barbadoes, arrived here yesterday from Cork; on the 17th ult off Madeira, fell in with three British ships direct from England, for Jamaica, and was informed *that War had been declared by Great Britain against France*, and that all the French vessels under the Bourbon flag had been detained in England.

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LONDON, APRIL 10.

DISTURBANCES AT DARTMOOR PRISON.

Friday last, a most serious affray took place at Dartmoor Prison, where the American prisoners of war are confined. It appears that the unfortunate prisoners who amount to 5 or 6000, had recently become extremely impatient to be set at liberty, and ascribed their detention to Mr. Beazley, their countryman, who is agent for American prisoners of war in London. This person they burnt in effigy on Friday, and then proceeded to force their way out of the confines of the prison. Capt. Shortlane, the resident British agent, went in among them unarmed, to endeavor to pacify them, but a pistol was snapped at him, and therefore the soldiers fired among the insurgents, and about 12 were killed and 30 wounded. A musket ball grazed capt S's cheek. The prompt interference of the military quelled the insurrection and tranquility was restored.

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BRIGHTON, APRIL 2.

Capt. COLVIL, of the Royal navy, who arrived here yesterday from Dieppe, left Paris on Wednesday last, states, that at the present time he does not consider that there are 100000 bayonets in France, and that they are very deficient in artillery, having but few pieces of larger calibre than brass 12 pounders. During *his stay in* Paris he saw the troops reviewed *3 times; at* no period did they amount to 10,000. He was present at the review on Monday when he discovered a deception. It had been always given out after the review, that the troops were to march to Belgium; but in fact it turned out that the greater part of the troops, each time so ordered, were the same; but that the dresses of the officers were changed; at one time appearing in green, and at another in red. This the Capt witnessed, and states as a positive fact, from having noticed them at different times.

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REVENUE.

The 3 arrivals at Boston from Canton, will give the government 3 or 400,000 dollars. When "free trade" will do this what cruelty is it, to pick the people's pockets with a watch tax, or expose their ships to the pelting of the pitiless storm, without tax, the proceeds of which, will not pay the tax-gatherers. [*Salem Gaz.*

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Kershaw, of (S. C.) col. Barnet, of [illegible] and *the hon.* J. Sevier, have been appointed commissioners to run out and mark the boundaries between the U. S. and Creek nation, as agreed upon in treaty, with gen. Jackson. It is proposed to commence about the 1st of May and continue until the work be completed.

[*Nashville paper.*

A gentleman who arrived here yesterday, from Philadelphia, has obligingly favored us with a newspaper of that city, of the 26th May, from which we have extracted the following:

NEW YORK, MAY 24.

LATEST FROM FRANCE.

Last evening arrived at this port the brig Montanes, in 40 days from Bordeaux, which port she left the 12th April, at which time all was quiet there. The military and civil officers were devoted to the Emperor Napoleon.

LYONS, APRIL 1.

Every thing is perfectly tranquil here.

MILAN, MARCH 22.

Field marshal count Bubwa, arrived here the day before yesterday; 30,000 Austrians are now coming from the Tyrol, to reinforce the army of Italy, which it is said will amount to 150,000 men.

NANTZ, MARCH 28.

The famous Charette, presented himself in the district of the Lower Loire, in order to rebel, but the inhabitants being tired of war, stoned him away.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

Yesterday arrived at this port the Russian ship Prince Michael, in 40 days from Liverpool. By this arrival the editors of the Mercantile Advertiser, have received London papers to the 10th, and Liverpool of the 21st April.

War had been declared against France, and it appears by our London papers that great preparations were making to announce hostilities, by all the allied Powers.

LONDON, APRIL 8.

The Duke of WELLINGTON, is at Brussels, and the troops of all the Allies are marching from every point to the French frontiers.

JUST PUBLISHED,

and will be ready for delivery to subscribers on Monday next,

The Pittsburgh Directory.

A few copies will be *for Sale*, at the Office of the subscriber, and at the different Bookstores.

JAMES M. RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, June 3, 1815.

LOST,

ON the 11th ult. on the road from Pittsburgh to Brownsville, a POCKET BOOK, containing 35 or 40 Dollars in Bank Notes, and a variety of papers, among the rest, articles of agreement with the Ohio Steam Boat Company, a letter from Nicholas J. Rosevelt of New-York, to H. H. Latrobe, Washington, a letter from Rosevelt, from New-Orleans, with a draft for [illegible] dollars in favour of Nicholas D. Baker, a bill from the books of the Ohio Steam Boat Company, with a variety of notes and papers of different kinds, of no possible use to any person but the owner.

A reward of EIGHT DOLLARS will be given for the delivery of the books, papers, &c. at this Office.

Pittsburgh, June 3, 1815.

Fresh and Cheap Goods.

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

Respectfully inform their Customers and the Public, that they have just selected from the latest importations, a large and elegant variety of

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c. &c.

WHICH WILL ARRIVE ON OR BEFORE THE 10th inst.

DRY GOODS.

2 Cases, fine and superfine. Black, Blue, Bottle, Brown, light and dark mix'd Broad Cloaths
2 Do. do. and do. same colours, and white and scarlet cassimers,
1 Do. black, and dark and light mixed, Imperial and Bedford cords,
1 Bale red, yellow, black, and white flannels
1 Do. assorted rose blankets
4 Cases elegantly assorted dark, middle and light calicoes
1 Do. 4 and 6-4 fine and superfine cambric muslins
1 Do. 4-4 and 9-8 superfine cotton shirtings
1 Do. Irish Linens
1 Do. 4 and 6-4 sprig'd, leno, book and fancy muslins
1 Do. 6-4 and 7-8 superfine black cambrics,
1 Do. elegant brown, purple, green, pink, black and orange Bombazettes
4 Do. containing 250 pieces American, chambrays, plaids and stripes
1 Do. 4-4 cotton and linen checks, and brown Holland's
15 Do. assorted, containing very general varieties of English and other Dry Goods.

HARDWARE.

5 and 7 inch Knob locks of every variety, knob and thumb latches
1, 1 1-2, and 1 3-4, 2 and 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 and 4 inch butt hinges and screws
Iron and brass rim Coffee mills, and a very general variety of Rasps and Files
Dividers, carpenters compasses, size sticks and rules
Table and tea spoons, knives and forks and pen knives
3, and 3 1-2, 4, and 4 1-2 and 5lb pins and pound mixt pins
Plated squares, looking glasses, frying pans
Sprigs, tacks, nails, and brass nails
Real English and American blister steel
Tenant, mill and wood saws, &c. &c. &c.

GROCERIES.

Prime green and Java coffee
Pepper, alspice and chocolate
Imperial, young hyson, hyson, and hyson skin teas
Fresh indigo, copperas, alium, madder, verdigris and logwood
Ginger, nutmegs, mace, cinnamon, mustard and windsor soap
Fresh rice, soft shelled almonds and filberts
Spring caught shad, mackarel and herring
Tanners Oil.

LIQUORS

Jamaica spirits, Cogniac brandy and Holland gin
Madeira, Malaga, Port and Lisbon wines.

With other numerous varieties, all of which, being of the latest importations, and *purchased low*, will be sold wholesale or retail, on the most pleasing and accommodating terms.

Country Merchants (who would wish to save time and a tedious journey) are informed, that the above Goods, and other large assortments expected as soon as they arrive in the country, will be constantly kept for Sale, and will be sold to persons who purchase to sell again, at very small advances, and it is hoped on such terms, as will please generally, and, for their accommodation, every variety of trade will be received in payment at market prices.

Isaac Harris & Co.
DIAMOND.

Pittsburgh, June 3, 1815.

CARLISLE HOTEL.

Frederick Fogle,

HAS the honor to inform his friends and the public, that he has taken for a number of years, that elegant and commodious

THREE STORY HOUSE
In the Main Street,

a few doors west of the Court House.

F. FOGLE, can with confidence assure his friends and the public, that it is his fixed determination to render it *equal to any establishment in the State.*

The best Liquors of various kinds, are provided, and his Table shall be furnished with every delicacy our Markets can afford.

Determined that no effort shall be wanting on his part, to give complete satisfaction, F. F. takes the liberty of soliciting a portion of the patronage of his friends and the public.

☞ Private Rooms are always ready, and private or public suppers can be had at the shortest notice.

N. B. Boarders taken by the day, week, or month.

Horses taken at Livery.

Carlisle, April 3d, 1815. 2m.

LEATHER.

The subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he has established a

Currying Shop,

in the Diamond, next door to the Store of Isaac Harris & Co. where he will constantly keep on hand and offers for Sale, a general assorment of LEATHER, on reasonable terms.

HENRY JACK.

Pittsburgh, May 31, 1815.

Taken up afloat in the Allegheny river, about two weeks ago,

FIFTEEN PINE LOGS.

The owner is desired to prove property, pay charges and take them away.

JOHN REAM.

Pittsburgh, May 31, 1815.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber are requested to come forward and make payment on or before the 20th of June next, as no longer indulgence can be given. All persons having demands against him are requested to present them for settlement.

JAMES HARMON.

Pittsburgh, May 26, 1815.

Ormsby & Doane,

HAVE FOR SALE,

KENTUCKY Manufactured Tobacco, Orleans Sugar first quality, Logwood, Soap, Candles, Pot and Pearl Ash, Whiskey, Glass, Iron, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, June 1, 1815.

KENTUCKY BACON.

55,000lbs prime Kentucky BACON, and 1,500lbs LARD, just received and *FOR SALE, BY*

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, June 3, 1815.

Storage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have taken that well known WAREHOUSE of Mr. JESSE REEDER, near the Steam Mill, CINCINNATI, where they take in Goods on Storage, or to sell on Commission; from their situation, (as it will save drayage) and attention to business, they flatter themselves that it will be to the advantage of those, who have business to be done in this line, to favour them with it.

WILLIAM NEWMAN,
JAMES ESSEX,
THOMAS WILLIAMS.

Cincinnati, May 18, 1815. 6m.

THOMAS POPE,

Architect,

BRIDGE BUILDER AND LAND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that having the honor of possessing a practical as well as theoretical knowledge in the above professions, he is ready to furnish with suitable designs *(and execute if required)* for BRIDGES, Water Locks, &c. for Canal Navigation, Churches, Town Halls, Banking Houses, Jails, Lazarettos, or any other Public Building.

Also, Gentlemens' Town Houses, Country Villas, Retreats, Conservatories, Garden Temples, and many other useful and ornamental Buildings, suited to advance and secure the comforts of retirement.

☞ Gentlemen about to build, or Master Tradesmen, may be supplied with Plans of Improvement worthy their attention.

May 26, 1815.

Broke into the inclosure of the subscriber, some time ago, a bright bay HORSE, about 14 hands high, near hind foot white, a star in his forehead, his mane hogged. The owner may have him on proving property and paying the charges that have accrued.

ANDREW WATSON.

Grant's Hill, Pitt township, May 22, 1815.

Wool Carding.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has erected a

Carding Machine, At his FULLING MILL, on Monour's Run, calculated for Carding MERINO and COMMON WOOLS, which is now in complete operation.

He will attend to business in person; and, from his experience, hopes to give satisfaction to all who may please to favour him with their custom.

JOHN WALKER.

Moon Township, May 19, 1815. 3w4

JAMES LAUBIE,

Has just received at his Store in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, and offers for Sale at reduced prices, wholesale and retail, the following Articles:—

LIME JUICE,
Madeira Wine,
Port do.
Teneriffe do.
Jamaica Spirits,
French Brandy,
Holland Gin,
Cordials,
Prunes,
Raisins,
Almonds,
Scotch Herrings,
Olives and Anchovies,
Boulogne Sausages
Spanish Cigars,
Loaf Sugar,
Claret,
Vin de Grave, &c.

Just Received and for Sale

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

FRESH PRUNES,
SWEET OIL,
SOFT SHELLED ALMONDS,
SWEET MEATS,
SMOKED HERRING,
SALT DO. by the Barrel,
SPANISH CIGARS.

HE KEEPS A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF
BEST CONIAC BRANDY,
WINES AND OTHER LIQUORS,
TABLE AND PICKLING VINEGAR, of a superior quality,
With a general assortment of GROCERIES.

Lewis Bollman,

Corner of Front Street and Cherry Alley.

FLOUR & BACON,

FOR SALE, BY

Bean & Butler.

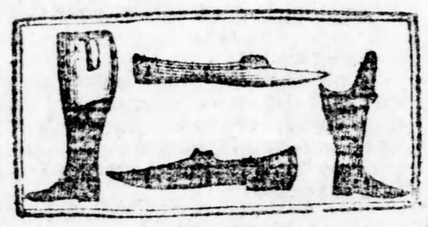
Pittsburgh, May 26, 1815.

NOTICE.

SOME time since the subscriber gave his note of hand to WILLIAM WUSTHOFF, late Sheriff of Allegheny County, in part payment of the purchase money of Seven Tracts of Land, sold by the said Sheriff for Taxes—and, whereas it appears, that the Sale was illegal, and that no title can be made me for the said Tracts of Land, I therefore give this public notice cautioning all persons from taking an assignment of said note, as I am determined not to pay it, unless compelled by due course of law.

JOSEPH DAVIS.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1815.



THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he continues to carry on the BOOT and SHOE MAKING in all its various branches, at his *Old Stand* in Market Street, between Front and Water Streets, where all who are desirous of being supplied with the best and most fashionable Boots and Shoes, are requested to call.

He has opened, at the same place, a

Shoe Store,

where every variety of LADIES, MENS, BOYS and CHILDRENS' SHOES, may be had on the most reasonable terms, wholesale and retail.

MATTHEW BARNWELL.

Five Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY, on the 30th of May, from the subscriber, THOMAS PADEN, an Apprentice to the Windsor Chair Making Business, about 17 years of age; had on when he went away a dark coloured coattee, striped cotton overalls, a roram hat half worn, a pair of good shoes; he is about 5 feet 5 inches high, brown hair, small face and slim made; it is supposed he is gone to his father's, who lives about eight miles on the west side of the Allegheny river, near the Butler road. Whoever takes up said runaway, and delivers him to the subscriber living in Pittsburgh, near 'Squire Dasragh's, shall receive the above reward.

JOSEPH ROSEMAN.

June 2, 1815.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an alias writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Court of Cominon Pleas of Allegheny County, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court-House in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 3d day of June next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon,

All the right, title, claim and interest of Henry M'Killup, sen. of, in, and to, twenty acres of clear land, more or less, situate in Fayette township, Allegheny county, bounded by lands of Geo. Vallandigham, Hugh Boyle, and others; the right of which is derived by virtue of an article of agreement between the said Henry and James Gray, bearing date 2d February, 1814, and recorded in the Office of the Recorder of Allegheny county. Seized and taken in execution, at the suit of James Gray, and to be sold by

WILLIAM WOODS, *Sheriff.*

May 27, 1815.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, *On Wednesday, the 7th day of June next,* at 10 o'clock, A. M.

1.—All the right, title, interest, and claim of RODERICK CAMERON, of, in, and to, one Lot of Ground, situate in Sidneyville, St. Clair township, Allegheny County, numbered 55, in the general plan of Sidneyville, bounded as follows, being 60 feet on Franklin street, extending the same breadth 150 feet to Harmony alley, northwardly by Ross street, and southwardly by lot No. 54, on which is erected a small frame house. At the suit of John Cameron.

2. All the right, title, interest and claim of SIMON SMALL, of, in, and to the following described property, viz:—A part of lot No 116, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, lately rented on a perpetual lease to James Patrick, at $ 26 per annum, being 20 feet in front on Penn street, and running towards Liberty street 120 feet, to ground the property of E. Pentland, eastwardly by ground the property of John M'Cormack, and westwardly by ground the property of Simon Small. At the suits of John M'Cormick and of James Gray, assignee of Robert Chess.

The whole seized and taken in execution and to be sold by

WILLIAM WOODS, *Sheriff.*

May 27, 1815.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in the Borough of Beaver, on the 5th of June next, the following Tract or Parcel of Land, with the appurtenances, viz:—Beginning on the south side of the Ohio river, where the line crosses between the counties of Allegheny and Beaver, thence down the Ohio by the several courses thereof, to the mouth of Raccon creek, thence by a direct line up said creek, to a point ten miles from the mouth thereof, thence by a direct line to the place of beginning—containing Thirty Thousand Acres, be the same more or less, together with all the appurtenances, buildings, and improvements thereon. Seized and taken as the property of George Croghan, deceased, at the suit of Maria S. Morton, and Jacob Morton, executors of John Morton, deceased, against George W. Prevost, administrator of said Geo. Croghan, deceased, and sold by

J. COULTER, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, May 15, 1815.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

THE Partnership hitherto subsisting between the subscribers trading under the firm of JOHN GORMAN & Co. as Brewers, &c. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Any person having demands against the same will please present their accounts for settlement; and those indebted to said firm are requested to discharge their respective accounts without delay to JOHN GORMAN, who is duly authorised to receive the same.

JOHN GORMAN.
THOMAS BAIRD,
WILLIAM STEEL.

Pittsburgh, May 20th, 1815.

Monongahela Brewery, &c.

FOR SALE.

THE Subscribers WILL SELL their well known establishment, situated on the Bank of the Monongahela River, Pittsburgh, by PUBLIC SALE, at the premises, ON MONDAY, THE 3d DAY OF JULY NEXT, at 10 o'clock, A. M. To those acquainted with the situation, the extent of the concern, and its desirable advantages, comment is unnecessary; for the information of strangers, it is exceeded by none in the western country; there is on the premises, a handsome BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, out OFFICES, GARDEN, &c. with two other small dwellings. It rarely occurs that such an opportunity offers for a man to enter upon business, without risk or delay, and so lucrative as to induce the man of Capital to purchase, without hesitation.

TERMS OF SALE—One third of the purchase to be paid in Cash, on perfecting a Deed, the remainder in two equal payments, at 1 and 2 years, with interest.

JOHN GORMAN,
THOMAS BAIRD,
WILLIAM STEEL.

May 20, 1815.

Western Eagle Lead Factory.

Trevor, Pettigrew & Troost,

CONTINUE to Manufacture at the WESTERN EAGLE LEAD FACTORY,

WHITE LEAD, *Dry or Ground in Oil.*
RED LEAD, *and*
LITHARGE,

All of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

They also Manufacture at their CHEMICAL LABORATORY—ALCOHOL, ETHER, sweet SPIRITS NITRE, AQUA FORTIS, MURIATIC ACID, RED PRECIPITATE, CALOMEL and Chemical preparations generally.

Orders for any of the above articles will be thankfully received at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse of SPEAKMAN SAY & Co. and at the Glass Warehouse of TREVOR & EYCELL.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1815.

Mineral Waters.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they have commenced making SODA and SELTZER WATERS, for the season, and having been at considerable expence in procuring ice, they flatter themselves they will meet with that encouragement due to the establishment. The qualities of these waters are so well known that it is scarcely necessary to enumerate them. It must be observed, however, that they are recommended by the most eminent physicians in this country, in all cases of debility: they particularly tend to strengthen the stomach, promote appetite and digestion; as an agreeable and pleasant drink they are unequalled; their exhilirating qualities being such as to supercede the necessity of spiritous liquors; they are therefore particularly suited to females whose delicate constitutions require a moderate stimulous without impairing health. The Soda Water operates as a mild cathartic, and is peculiarly suited to persons of costive habits. The price of tickets is 50 cents per dozen being the same as in Philadelphia and New York; each ticket entitles the bearer to a half pint tumbler of water. Persons residing at a distance can have it put up in bottles.

AVERY & VAN ZANDT,
Wood between Front & Second Streets.

April 15, 1815.

We, the subscribers, having examined the Mineral Waters prepared by Messrs. *Avery & Van Zandt*, are of opinion that they are equal in quality to any made in the U. States, and therefore recommend them to the public, in all cases above described.

GEORGE STEVENSON,
MORRILL PARKER,
JOEL LEWIS.

KENTUCKY manufactured TOBACCO.

PATENT SHOT,
Prime Green Coffee,
Loaf Sugar,
Orleans Sugar and Cotton,
Pepper,
Allum,
Imperial and Hyson Skin } Teas,

IN STORE AND FOR SALE, BY

Allen & Grant,
WOOD STREET.

Pittsburgh, May 13, 1815.

NOTICE

To Farmers and Capitalists.

THE subscriber intending to remove from this Country, offers for Sale the FARM on which he at present resides, situated at the head of Montour's Island. This property is too well known to require a more particular description. If not Sold before the first day of October, it will then be for Rent.

Also, for Sale, a very valuable Stock, consisting of MERINO SHEEP, HOGS, CATTLE, &c.

W. D. SIMMS.

Oakley Farm, May 24, 1815.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

THE subscribers having removed from the corner of Third and Market Streets to the Store above Messrs. Wrenshall & Boggs, Market Street, and commenced manufacturing

Boots and Shoes

of all descriptions.

Having furnished themselves with the best Materials and good Workmen, they flatter themselves they will be able to please all those who may favour them with their custom.

They have on hand and intend keeping a general assortment of SHOES, which they offer at wholesale and retail.

CHITTENDEN & PARMELE.

Pittsburgh, June 1, 1815.

LOST.

A RED Morocco Pocket Book, containing some papers, among which is a discharge to Pierre Fisher, from the Navy, and a pension ticket to the same, signed by Dr. Robert E. Barton. The finder will confer a particular obligation, besides being rewarded, by leaving the Pocket Book, with its contents, at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

May 25, 1815.

NOTICE.

THE Banks west of the Mountains are most respectfully informed, that the Bank Note Printing Office in Pittsburgh will be kept constantly open for the sole accommodation of Banks, where the utmost care shall be uniformly devoted for the entire satisfaction of those Banks who will confer the honor of their business. Specimens of engraving, printing and paper, may be examined at any time.

C. P. HARRISON.

June 1, 1815.

WOOL CARDING,

AND

CLOTH DRESSING.

THE subscriber intends carrying on the above business extensively, by water, at the lower falls of Beaver Creek, where orders will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

Any quantity of Wool, not less than 50 lbs. will be manufactured into Cloth, if required, on the usual terms. Common Wool, clean washed, and free from burrs and sticks, will be carded in the best manner, in any quantities required, at the rate of eight and one-third cents per pound, the owner finding one pound of oil or soft grease, without salt, to every 10 pounds of wool; or 10 cents per lb. when the oil shall be found by the subscriber. Merino Wool in the same proportion, according to the customary rates, except when it shall require to be washed, which will be an additional charge.

The rates of Fulling and Dressing Cloth will be as reasonable as elsewhere. Common Wool will be received in payment of any work required in the above line, at market price; and for the convenience of persons at a distance, cloth to be dressed, and wool to be carded, will be received at the store of the subscriber in Pittsburgh, and returned when finished without delay.

GEORGE COCHRAN, *of Ry.*

May 1, 1815.

BARR IRON.

The subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping, a general assortment of

JUNIATA & CENTRE COUNTY

BARR IRON,

which he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of waggon tire, drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best waggon boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814. tf

TO BE RENTED,

A large commodious and elegant three story

Brick Warehouse,

adjoining Messrs. G. & C. Anshutz, and now in the possession of Brown & Porter.

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1815. tf

Doctor CHISHOLMS,

Anti-Bilious Pills,

OF A QUALITY

Superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a

GENERAL MEDICINE,

IN THIS COUNTRY,

Now prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates

This extraordinary medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Pills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of bile, is without example; never producing debility, or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child, or weakly female.

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excrutiating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains*, wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flax-seed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and *diseases of the liver*, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills, taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case, the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

At their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

February 1814. tfq

PITTSBURGH POTTERY.

Trotter & Co.

HAVING established their Manufactory of QUEENSWARE, in Pittsburgh, and now commenced fabricating wares similar to those of the Potteries in Philadelphia, take this opportunity to inform the public, that they are ready to execute such orders for those who may have the goodness to favour them, at their Pottery, corner of Seventh and Grant Streets, or to ANTHONY BEELEN & Co. or RICHARD BOWEN & Co. where specimens of the Ware may be seen.

List of Articles at present Manufacturing.

Wash-hand basons,	Coffee Pots,
Ewers,	Tea Pots,
Chambers,	Coffee Cups,
Dutch Jugs,	Tea Cups,
Bowls,	Chocolates,
Mugs,	Sugar Basons,
Goblets,	Butter Tubs,
Pitchers,	Baking Dishes.

February 8, 1815. tf

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

THE following adjoining TRACTS of LAND, situate on Big Glade Run, on the west side of the Allegheny river, from 1 to 3 miles from the town of Kittanning, the seat of justice of Armstrong county, (Penn.) are offered for sale on moderate terms, viz:

No. 279—containing 201 7-10 acres, settled by Peter Bowser, since the year 1808; has about 10 acres cleared.

No. 281—containing 201 7-10 acres, settled by J. Campbell, since 1810; has 4 or 5 acres cleared.

No. 282—containing 201 7-10 acres, settled by M. Reed; has 25 acres cleared.

No. 290—containing 200 7-10 acres, settled by J. Bowser since 1808; has 12 acres cleared.

No. 291—containing 202 acres, settled by M. Starr since 1801; has 25 acres cleared.

No. 303—containing 287 7-10 acres, settled by Ph. Bist since 1810; has ten acres cleared.

No. 304—containing 251 7-10 acres, settled by P. Bisk since 1805; has 12 acres cleared.

No. 305—containing 211 7-10 acres, settled by G. Hall since 1798; has 35 acres cleared.

No. 306—containing 210 3-10 acres, settled by J. Bowser since 1803; has 30 acres cleared.

No. 307—containing 218 8-10 acres, settled by J. Schneider since 1810; has 18 acres cleared.

No. 308—containing 219 3-10 acres, settled by Peter Troy since 1802; has 30 acres cleared.

ALSO

Four other adjoining Tracts, situate on Buffalo creek, on the line between Armstrong & Butler counties, about 30 miles from Pittsburgh, and near the town of Freeport.

No 153, containing 298 3-10 acres, settled by D. M'Cue since 1804; has 50 acres cleared.

No. 154, containing 298 3-10 acres, settled by Hugh Sweny since 1805; has 20 cres cleared.

No. 155, containing 235 8-10 acres, settled by M Duffey; has fifteen acres cleared.

No. 156, containing 235 8-10 acres; has 15 acres cleared.

Gentlemen of respectability, who are acquainted with these lands, pronounce them to be of the very first quality; situate on good streams of water, they afford several valuable scites for mills & other water works. These advantages, with their contiguity to the county town, and Allegheny river, and in the midst of rapidly improving settlements, afford strong inducements to *capatalists*, who may be disposed to vest their cash in productive and improving property.

The whole will be sold together, or either body separately, at the option of purchasers, on such terms as will insure a handsome speculation. The title is indisputable and warranted free from incumbrance of taxes, &c. Persons wishing to view the property can apply to either of the tenants. Drafts shewn and terms of sale made known on application to the subscriber, or to Mr. JOSEPH AUDIBERT, the owner, in Philadelphia.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker, Third, between Market & Wood streets.*

Pittsburgh, April 11, 1815. tfq

FOR SALE OR LEASE,

Sixteen Lots of Ground,

fronting on Smithfield Street, between Front and Second Streets, and Diamond Alley and Fifth Streets. Apply to

JOHN THAW,
DAVID PRIDE.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1815. tf

N. B. A HOUSE at the corner of Smithfield and Front Streets, to Let.

FOR SALE,

Part of Lot No. 51,

SITUATE on the South side of the Monongahela river, opposite Pittsburgh, being 51 feet in front, and extending back a considerable distance up the Coal Hill. It adjoins the Glass Works of Trevor & Encell, and as the Lot runs into the Monongahela renders it more valuable. On the Lot is erected a FRAME HOUSE 21 by 19 feet, together with a back building, and an excellent Spring within 20 feet of the dwelling house.

For further particulars and terms apply to Mr. JOHN DARRAGH, Pittsburgh; or the subscriber on the premises.

MARGARET CALHOON.

March 17, 1815. tfcJC

WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE.

ROBERT GETTY

Corner of Diamond and Market Street,

HAS now received a large and general assortment of *India*, *English*, *French* and *Domestic* DRY GOODS, which will be sold at the lowest prices, by piece or yard. Also, an extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CHINA and GROCERIES. TANNERS OIL, by the barrel or gallon.

COTTON YARN TWIST AND FILLING.

He will also be supplied with the above article at the Philadelphia prices and carriage from No. 3 to 50. Orders from manufacturers and country merchants will be executed on the best terms

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1st, 1815. tfq

Doctor Handy's,

WORM DESTROYING

LOZENGES,

A safe and efficacious Medicine for destroying and bringing away

WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary. The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms*, of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine has exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an atheiminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable Medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot-full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm*, at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, and living at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the reader's time We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are unacquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times, the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head-ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic, or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above, and a long train of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above valuable Medicine is sold only by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their wholesale and retail Drug Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

December 13, 1813.

Saddlers Ironmongery,

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

Consisting of the following Articles—

FULL and half plated Stirrup Irons assorted
Do. do. Ladies Slippers do.
Do. do. Bitts and Bradoons do.
Do. do. Bradoons do.
Do. do. Pelham and Curb Bitts
Do. do. Double & Single Curb Chains
Plated Heads and Cantles
Plated and Princes Metal Spurs,
Do. Saddle Rings
Do. Stirrup Slides
Tinned Mens' and Women's Stirrup Irons.
Do. Curb and Snaffle Bridle Bitts
Saddlers Knives and Hammers
Brass Nails and Tinned Tacks assorted
Flat Set Buckles, from 3-4 to 1 1-4 inch do.
Heads and Throats
Saddle Trees, (plated) assorted
Worsted and Cotton Girth-webbing do.
Straining Webb assorted
Saddle Cloth do.
Seal Skins
Leather Stocks and Cockades
Double Shot Pouches and Powder Flasks
A large and complete assortment of Cut Tacks from 2 1-2 to 14 oz.
Corks by the bale

The subscriber intends keeping a constant supply of the above Articles, and will sell them low, either wholesale or retail, for Cash Country Linen, or on a short Credit, at his Store in Market Street, between Front and Second Streets.

HENRY BAILEY.

Pittsburgh, December 26, 1814. tf

Broad Cloths & Sattinets

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE COCHRAN,

AT his Woollen Manufactory, corner of Diamond Alley and Liberty Street, by the piece or yard, as cheap as they can be had in New-York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

Also, a few Stocking Nette, Worsted Woollen and Cotton Half Hose.

G. C. respectfully solicits the patronage of the public to encourage his Manufactory, and assures those who may wish to purchase, that his Cloth is not inferior according to quality, either in colour and durability, to that imported from Great-Britain.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1815.

STRAY MARE.

CAME to my residence about the last week in April, a small BLACK MARE, about 15 years old, no shoes on—has no marks. The owner is desired to come prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JAMES M'CABE.

Moon township, Monture's Bottom,
May 6, 1815.

NEW STORE.

WAY & BLAINE,

Have just received at their Store in Market Street between Second and Third Streets,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS,

which they offer for Sale at the lowest prices.

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1815. tf

Speakman & Say,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DRUGGISTS,

Having established a *Drug & Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, & taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

In Market Street, the third door from Front Street,

Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expenses, ONLY.

☞ *They now offer for sale, an assortment of* DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, *&c. for* CASH, PRODUCE, *or at the usual credit.*

May 30, 1813 tfq

Farmers and Millers,

ARE hereby informed that the subscribers have established at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, a COMMISSION STORE, intended for general business, but particularly for the PURCHASE AND SALE of FLOUR AND GRAIN. The superior advantages which this establishment gives in the Flour and Grain trade must be evident. In order that the farmer may avail himself of the proper season, and good opportunities to bring in wheat, the mill is offered as a Store-House free of charge for 3 months after delivery. It will then be in his power to order it to be ground and sold as it may suit and not be subject to the losses generally sustained by grinding out in the fall and spring.

Busines will be transacted on such terms as to interest the Public.

GEO EVANS & CO.

Pittsburgh Steam Mill,
March 7, 1815.

N-B. WHEAT, RYE, and CORN, purchased as usual.

☞ *The Editors of the* "SPECTATOR," *Union Town, and* "REPORTER," *Washington, (Pa.) the* "HERALD," *Steubenville, (O.) and* "GAZETTE," *Charleston, (Va.) are requested to give the above* 3 *insertions and send their bills to.* G. E. & Co.

TO FARMERS.

THE following valuable TRACTS of LAND, situate on Conequenessing and Brush creeks, in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Penn. are offered for Sale.

No. 190, containing 200 acres. On this Tract there are about 30 acres cleared and the greater part is rich bottom—on the premises are a good framed dwelling house, one story high, with a good garret in which is one large room and a sleeping room—a framed kitchen adjoining of a good size, with a cellar underneath, and a spring house before the door, the water of an excellent quality—the tenant is under obligation to build a barn.

No. 178, containing 132 acres or thereabouts. On this tract about 20 acres are cleared, from which no crop has as yet been raised, the greater part bottom—the land of an excellent quality—to this tract is attached the one-third right in a saw-mill and a small quantity of land adjoining—a house of worship about 80 rods distant.

No. 173, containing 200 acres, is almost entirely bottom land on Brush creek—about 16 acres cleared—this tract is exceedingly rich and fertile, fit for meadow or corn ground.

No. 184. The undivided fourth part of 200 acres, near the Iron works of Doctor Basse—the soil good.

ALSO—Several Lots in the Town of Stoneville.

The three first tracts are situate 9 miles from the town of Beaver, from one-fouth to one mile from the great road from Beaver to Mercer, and about 5 miles from Harmony—there are four grist mills distant from 1 1-2 to 5 miles.

Farmers wishing to purchase *good lands* are invited to view the premises, and for further information to call on the subscriber. The title is indisputable and the terms easy, and to accommodate farmers either tract will be sold separate or the whole together.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker.*

Pittsburgh, May 1, 1815.

ISAAC BEAN & JAMES R. BUTLER,

Have entered into Partnership trading under the firm of

BEAN & BUTLER,

AND have provided themselves with a large Brick Warehouse, on *Front, between Market and Wood Streets*, Pittsburgh, well calculated for COMMISSION BUSINESS, where any Consignments or Orders will be thankfully received and strictly attended to.

April 22, 1815.

For Sale or Rent,

THE BUILDINGS and LOTS of GROUND at the corner of Diamond alley and Liberty street, occupied by the subscriber as a woolen factory.

The front of the Lots affords an eligible situation for building on Liberty street.

ALSO—FOR SALE, one WOOL CARDING MACHINE, a Billy and Jenny.

GEO: COCHRAN, *of Rh'd.*

April 24, 1815.

COLUMBIAN STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their establishment is now in complete operation and consists of

STEAM ENGINE FACTORY,

For furnishing steam engines on Oliver Evans's construction, which daily experience is proving to be the cheapest and most powerful.

AN AIR FOUNDERY,

On an extensive scale capable of furnishing castings of any description, fit particularly adapted to machinery.

An ANVIL and ANCHOR Factory,

Capable of furnishing anvils and anchors of the largest size.

A BRASS FOUNDERY

Calculated for general castings, but particularly for machinery and large bells which will be warranted of the first quality.

A BUTT-HINGE Factory,

Will also shortly be in operation, on a scale sufficiently large to supply any demand. It is also intended to supply small castings annealed.

A PATTERN MAKERS SHOP; and A BORING & TURNERS SHOP,

The lathes are driven by the force of steam; and all orders in the different branches of turning *Iron, Brass, Wood, &c.* will be executed with despatch.

They also carry on the business of

SCREW MAKING,

And are prepared to furnish Rolling and Slitting mill, Paper mill, Fullers, Tobacco, and Mill stone Screws, &c.

The *Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company* flatter themselves *that the nature* and extent of their establishment, will enable them to furnish any article in the mechanical line particularly, on as short and as favorable terms as any establishment in the state.

They have on hand A STEAM ENGINE, sufficiently powerful to grind from 20 to 25 bushels of wheat per hour in the best manner. Also, a number of Paper mill, Fullers and Mill screws, and Sugar mill apparatus.

March 1, 1815, tfq

FRESH & SEASONABLE GOODS.

CONSISTING of London Black, Navy Blue, Bottle Green and Mix'd Superfine and fine Broad Cloths
Plain and corded Cassimers—superfine blue stocking Webb
Cassinetts, velvet Cords and Velvets
Blue, lead and bottle green superfine Pelisse cloths
Kersey mole skins and coatings
Swansdown, toilenett, mole skin & silk Jacket Patterns
Worsted, silk and cotton Kerseys
Superfine and fine white, yellow and red Flannels
7-4, 9-4, 10-4 and 12-4 rose Blankets
Superfine Calicoes—cambric & jaconett Muslins
Black, blue, green & bottle green Bombazetts
Spotted, stripe and plain sarsenett and book Muslins
Linen, cambrics, Irish linens, English shirting &c.
Ladies long and short kid, beaver and silk Gloves
Linen and cotton laces
6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 levantine, damask and cotton shawls
Levantine, double florence, and seashaw silk handsomely assorted
Ladies kid, Morocco, cordivan and calfskin shoes, boots and slippers,
Mens and boys fine and coarse shoes,
Gilt and mahogany frame looking and dressing glasses

And a variety of other articles too tedious to mention, which they intend selling on the most moderate terms.

JOHN & JAMES BROWN.

Pittsburgh, October 4th, 1814.

JOSEPH DAVIS,

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has received and now for delivery, the

AMERICAN STANDARD

Of Orthography and Pronunciation,

AND IMPROVED

DICTIONARY

OF THE

ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

CONTAINING, all the words in general use, with their significations accurately explained, and the sound of each syllable clearly expressed: among which will be found several hundred terms, that have been hitherto omitted by the best lexicographers: Also, a variety of the technical terms of Medicine, Law, Commerce, Arts, and general Science, interspersed with critical and philological observations. Compiled under the direction of sundry literary characters and institutions, in the United States of America.

March 1, 1815.

MERCHANTS, DRUGGISTS, &c.

WHITE LEAD.

THE subscriber informs his Correspondents and other dealers in WHITE LEAD, that he has made an arrangement, by which he receives from the "*Pittsburgh White Lead Factory*," (J. S. STEVENSON) a constant supply of White Lead, both Dry and Ground in Oil, which he will sell on the most liberal terms. The reputation of this Factory is perfectly established, and the Lead shall be warranted equal to any manufactured in the United States. The present price is $ 20 per cwt. and will be always as low, if not lower, than any sold in this place.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr.

corner of Wood and Water Streets.

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1815.